

Groundwater Monitoring System Certification

Big Stone Plant – Ash Disposal Area Big Stone City, South Dakota

.....

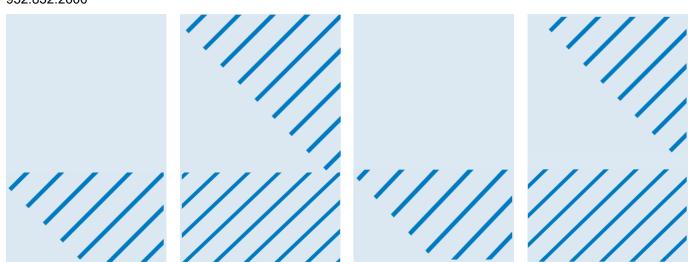
Prepared for Otter Tail Power Company

Prepared by Barr Engineering Co.

March 2025

4300 MarketPointe Drive, Suite 200 Minneapolis, MN 55435 952.832.2600

barr.com





Certification

I hereby certify that I have examined the facility and, being familiar with the provisions of 40 CFR 257 Subpart D, attest that the CCR Groundwater Monitoring System has been designed in accordance with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards and the requirements of 40 CFR §257.91(f). I certify that the plan is adequate for this facility and that procedures for recordkeeping and reporting have been established. I further certify that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of South Dakota.

Min En

March 7, 2025

Date

Kevin Eisen Barr Engineering Co. #: PE 27551



Groundwater Monitoring System Certification

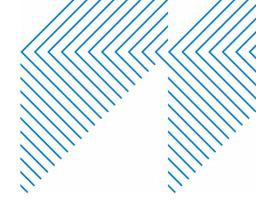
Big Stone Plant – Ash Disposal Area Big Stone City, South Dakota

March 2025

.....

Contents

1	Introduction	. 1
1.1	System Certification Requirement Summary	. 1
2	Site Setting	. 3
2.1	Site Geology	3
2.2	Site Hydrogeology	. 3
3	Monitoring Wells	5
3.1	Monitoring System	5
3.2	Monitoring Well Construction and Performance	5
4	System Certification	.7
5	References	8







Tables

Table 1	CCR Rule Requirements and Compliance	1
Table 2	Monitoring System Summary	5
Table 3	CCR Well Construction	6
Table 4	Well Development Summary	6

Figures

Figure 1	Site Layout
Figure 2	Monitoring Well Locations and Groundwater Elevation Contours: October 17, 2023
Figure 3	Historical Well and Precipitation Hydrograph
Figure 4	Cross Section Locations
Figure 5	Section A-A'
Figure 6	Section B-B'
Figure 7	Section C-C'

Appendices

Appendix A Boring Logs

1 Introduction

This report was prepared by Barr Engineering Co. (Barr) for Otter Tail Power Company to certify the groundwater monitoring system for the Ash Disposal Area (ADA) coal combustion residuals (CCR) landfill (Site) at their Big Stone Plant (Facility) located in Big Stone City, South Dakota. The purpose of the groundwater monitoring system is to collect groundwater samples for water quality to comply with the federal CCR Rule (40 CFR Part 257), which went into effect on October 19, 2015.

Section 257.91 of the CCR Rule outlines the requirements of the groundwater monitoring system, including performance standards. This certification is intended to demonstrate that the groundwater monitoring system installed at the Site is in compliance with the Rule.

1.1 System Certification Requirement Summary

The table below is a detailed discussion of the system certification requirements outlined in §257.91 of the CCR Rule and this Site's compliance with the rule.

CCR R	ule Requirements (§257.91)	Compliance with CCR Rule
ground installe	mance Standard (a): The owner or operator of a CCR unit must install a water monitoring system that consists of a sufficient number of wells, d at appropriate locations and depths, to yield groundwater samples from permost aquifer" that:	
be qu	curately represent the quality of background groundwater that has not en affected by leakage from a CCR unit. A determination of background ality may include sampling of wells that are not hydraulically upgradient of e CCR management area where:	Yes, see Section 3.0
	 Hydrogeologic conditions do not allow the owner or operator of the CCR Unit to determine what wells are hydraulically upgradient; or 	(Monitoring Wells) of this Certification.
	 Sampling at other wells will provide an indication of background groundwater quality that is representative or more representative than that provided by the upgradient wells; and 	
of the	curately represent the quality of groundwater passing the waste boundary the CCR unit. The downgradient monitoring system must be installed at waste boundary that ensures detection of groundwater contamination in uppermost aquifer. All potential contamination must be monitored.	
depths	pacing and Site Specific Information (b): The number, spacing, and of monitoring systems shall be determined based upon site-specific al information that must include thorough characterization of:	
	Aquifer thickness, groundwater flow rate, seasonal and temporal	
(1)	fluctuations in groundwater flow; and	Yes, see Section 2.0 (Site Setting) and Section 3.0

Table 1 CCR Rule Requirements and Compliance

CCR Ru	le Requirements (§257.91)	Compliance with CCR Rule
include perform site-spe groundv (1)	and Additional monitoring wells are necessary to accurately represent the quality of background groundwater that has not been affected by	Yes, see Section 3.0 (Monitoring Wells) of this Certification.
	leakage from the CCR unit and the quality of groundwater passing the waste boundary of the CCR unit.	
units ma	it Groundwater Systems (d): The owner or operator of multiple CCR ay install a multiunit groundwater monitoring system instead of separate vater monitoring systems for each CCR unit.	This Site does not contain multiple CCR units and therefore the system does not need to meet the requirements of this paragraph.
that main screene enable of between sealed t (1)	Ting Well Construction (e) : Monitoring wells must be cased in a manner ntains the integrity of the monitoring well borehole. This casing must be d or perforated and packed with gravel or sand, where necessary, to collection of groundwater samples. The annular space (i.e. the space in the borehole and well casing) above the sampling depth must be o prevent contaminating of samples and the groundwater. The owner or operator of the CCR unit must document and include in the operating record the design, installation, development, and decommissioning of any monitoring wells, piezometers, and other measurements, sampling, and analytical devices. The qualified professional engineer must be given access to this documentation when completing the groundwater monitoring system certification required under paragraph (f) of this section. The monitoring wells, piezometers, and other measurements, sampling, and analytical devices must be operated and maintained so that they perform to the design specifications throughout the life of the monitoring program.	Yes, see Section 3.0 (Monitoring Wells) of this Certification. Supporting documentation in Appendix A.
qualified has bee the grou wells sp	ation (f): The owner or operator must obtain a certification from a I professional engineer stating that the groundwater monitoring system n designed and constructed to meet the requirements of this section. If andwater monitoring system includes the minimum number of monitoring ecified in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the certification must nt the basis supporting this determination.	Yes, see Section 4.0 (System Certification) and Certifications page.

2 Site Setting

Big Stone Plant is a 474 megawatt coal-fired electric generating facility located in Big Stone City, South Dakota. The Facility is shown on Figure 1, which includes locations of ponds (Yard Pond, West Brine Pond, East Brine Pond, Reclaim Pond, Cooling Pond, Evaporation Pond, and Holding Pond), and the CCR landfill (Ash Disposal Area). The main coal ash products produced are boiler slag, economizer ash, and a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) product that contains a mixture of fly ash and spent desulfurization material.

2.1 Site Geology

The surficial geology is composed of Late Wisconsin Des Moines Lobe glacial till. The glacial till is clayey with generally low permeability, although locally higher permeability sand and silt seams are present within the clay. The seams are laterally discontinuous and dictate the horizontal hydraulic conductivity. The clay is generally more oxidized to brown hues and is more fractured near the water table as is typical of glacial till in the region. The brown oxidized zone transitions with increasing depth (varies by location) to a gray clay till of similar lithology but is unoxidized.

Underlying units consist of Cretaceous-aged sedimentary rocks deposited in terrestrial alluvial, tidal, and deeper marine shale environments. Precambrian granite outcrops to the south of Big Stone City and is likely present under the sedimentary rocks at the Facility. Because the Des Moines Lobe and earlier glacial tills eroded bedrock materials of similar provenance, the matrix of the glacial till carries many of the same geochemical characteristics of the bedrock source material. Chemical interaction of groundwater with the geologic matrix results in unique but spatially variable chemical signatures depending on flow characteristics and localized matrix composition.

2.2 Site Hydrogeology

Regional discharge is toward Big Stone Lake (of the Minnesota River), located east of the Facility, and the Whetstone River to the south. Regional groundwater flow at the Facility is generally from the northwest to the south or southeast toward these discharge areas, depending on location at the Facility. Local to the Site, groundwater appears to follow topography generally conforming to the drainage pattern that predated the construction of the ADA. The primary drainage feature is a ravine that starts due north of 143rd Street and drains surface water into a narrow drainage that runs between the Cooling and Evaporation / Holding Ponds into the reclaim pond north of the ADA. As shown on Figure 2, the large pond areas likely exhibit a significant influence on flow directions.

The flow conditions shown on Figure 2 are interpretive because the low permeability and differential saturation of the clay typically results in localized flow variations. However, the overall groundwater flow is assumed to flow from areas of higher hydraulic head (corresponding to the topographically higher area to the north and the ponds to the east and west) and to areas of lower hydraulic head (downgradient of ADA).

A subsurface drain located along the western edge of the Holding Pond and southwestern edge of the Evaporation Pond was identified during the summer of 2016. The drain is a designed safety feature for the Holding Pond and Evaporation Pond to reduce the phreatic head in the embankment. The drain slopes toward a pump located near the southern end of the Holding Pond, which discharges to the Holding Pond. This feature likely influences the resulting groundwater flow pattern to be towards the drain

because the drain reduces the surrounding water table which is pumped from the drain back into the Holding Pond. The locations of the drain and pump are shown on Figure 2.

Groundwater moves relatively slowly in the clay till and the overall potential for lateral migration is low. As shown on Figure 3, groundwater levels show very little correlation with total monthly rainfall indicating that most precipitation results in runoff and evaporation rather than infiltration.

Very slow downward vertical migration through the clay till is possible over millennia. However, based on the tritium analysis of the HX-series wells (Huntingdon, 1995), vertical migration rates are on the order of decades per foot. Monitoring of groundwater in these deeper zones was discontinued because release detection is ineffective in zones where there is virtually no groundwater movement.

Cross sections illustrating the lithology and relevant features are shown on Figure 4 (Cross Section Locations), Figure 5 (Section A-A'), Figure 6 (Section B-B') and Figure 7 (Section C-C').

3 Monitoring Wells

The CCR Rule requirements include a groundwater monitoring system that can monitor the upper-most aquifer, including at least three downgradient wells to provide for sampling of groundwater that passes the waste boundary, and at least one well that represents upgradient conditions. The initial monitoring system consisted of three upgradient wells and three downgradient wells. Due to identifying the drain located to the east of the ADA, one additional upgradient well and additional two downgradient wells were installed with screens in the uppermost aquifer. They were strategically placed to improve upon the already existing monitoring system as well as reduce the spacing between the wells to approximately 500 feet or less, which is established industry practice and suggested in the EPA CCR Rule preamble.

3.1 Monitoring System

The monitoring well system around the CCR unit consists of one upgradient well (H12) that is likely influenced by water quality of the Cooling Pond, and three upgradient wells (H2OX, H3OX, and H4OX) that represent historical (pre-pond CCR activity) upgradient groundwater quality along the ravine present between the Cooling Pond and Evaporation Pond. Five downgradient wells are present (H6, H8, H9, H10, and H11). The upgradient monitoring wells are hydraulically upgradient of the CCR unit and accurately represent groundwater quality upstream of the ADA, which may differ in water quality from areas less influenced by the Cooling Pond and/or Evaporation Pond. The downgradient monitoring wells are located hydraulically downgradient of the CCR unit and are along the waste boundary. All downgradient monitoring wells are spaced approximately 500 feet (or less) apart.

The number, spacing, and hydraulic positions of the monitoring wells comply with requirements outlined in §257.91 (a)-(c) of the CCR Rule.

Well ID	Well Placement	Rationale
H12, H2OX, H3OX, and H4OX	Upgradient	To account for geologic and hydrogeologic variability upgradient of the Ash Disposal Area and to establish a sufficient number of upgradient monitoring wells at appropriate locations and depths to yield groundwater samples of the uppermost aquifer not impacted by the CCR unit (257.91(a) (1) and (2)).
H6, H8, H9, H10, and H11	Downgradient	To detect a release from the Ash Disposal Area and to account for geologic and hydrogeologic variability, establish sufficient number of downgradient monitoring wells at appropriate locations and depths to yield groundwater samples of the uppermost aquifer accurately representing the quality of groundwater passing through the waste boundary (257.91(a) (1) and (2)).

Table 2 Monitoring System Summary

3.2 Monitoring Well Construction and Performance

Based on our understanding of the Site geology, all of the monitoring wells at the Site are screened within the uppermost aquifer. Construction details are included in Table 3. Monitoring wells were constructed in a manner which complies with CCR Rule §257.91 (e).

Well	Installation Date	TOR (ft. MSL)	Total Depth BMP (ft.)	Screen Length (ft.)/ Diameter (in)	Casing/ Screen/Slot
H2OX	5/9/1994	1103.86	32.57	5/2.0	PVC/PVC/#10
H3OX	5/11/1994	1095.26	22.45	5/2.0	PVC/PVC/#10
H4OX	5/12/1994	1108.25	27.13	5/2.0	PVC/PVC/#10
H6	11/10/2011	1097.76	17.69	10/2.0	PVC/PVC/#6
H8	7/29/2016	1081.23	22.05	10/2.0	PVC/PVC/#6
H9	7/30/2016	1086.21	30.20	10/2.0	PVC/PVC/#6
H10	10/12/2022	1090.83	38.55	15/2.0	PVC/PVC#6
H11	10/12/2022	1091.84	44.55	15/2.0	PVC/PVC#6
H12	9/14/2023	1127.40	24.80	10/2.0	PVC/PVC#6

Table 3 CCR Well Construction

All the monitoring wells at the Site were developed (new) to improve clarity of the water samples and reduce suspended solids prior to initial baseline sampling. Well development was completed to remove fines from the water column in the sand pack adjacent to the well screen and to ensure that an adequate hydraulic connection exists between the well screen and the filter pack. Monitoring wells were surged several times initially by moving the pump up and down within the casing to settle the sand pack and collapse voids in the filter pack caused by bridging.

Volumes of purge water removed and relative clarity were measured at each well during development. Well development continued until the water from the well was relatively sediment free, appeared clear, and had decreasing trends in turbidity measurements. Table 4 provides the approximate lowest obtained turbidity measurement, total amount purged, and the approximate well recharge rate field measurements.

Table 4 Well Development Summary

Well ID	Lowest Obtained Turbidity Measurement (NTU)	Approx. Total Amount Volume Purged (gal)	Approx. Most Recent Recharge Rate (ft.) [date]
H2OX	16.1	7	5 hours to recharge 8 ft. [7/28/16]
H3OX	4.2	12	7 minutes to recharge 14.5 ft. [7/27/16]
H4OX	6.3	5	12.5 minutes to recharge 2.5 ft. [7/27/16]
H6	6.2	6	9 minutes to recharge 1 ft. [7/28/16]
H8	6.2	25	16 minutes to recharge 10 ft. [8/8/16]
H9	6.9	52	10.5 minutes to recharge 24.5 ft. [8/8/16]
H10	NA	3	NA
H11	NA	15.5	NA
H12	NA	32	NA

NA – Not Available

4 System Certification

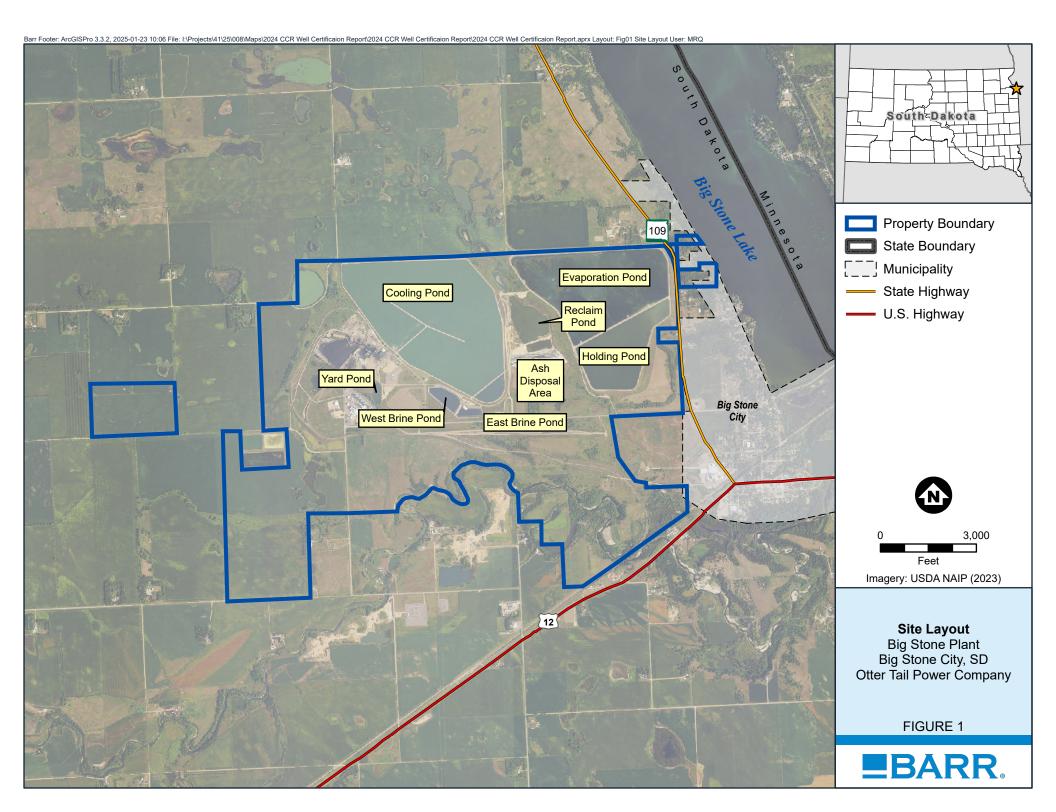
The modified monitoring system is adequate and conforms to the system certification requirements outlined in §257.91 of the CCR Rule. A professionally licensed engineer has certified this system (see Certification page).



Huntingdon, 1995, Transmittal of Tritium Analytical Results, Otter Tail Power Company Big Stone Plant. January 6, 199. Transmittal to Mr. Herschner.

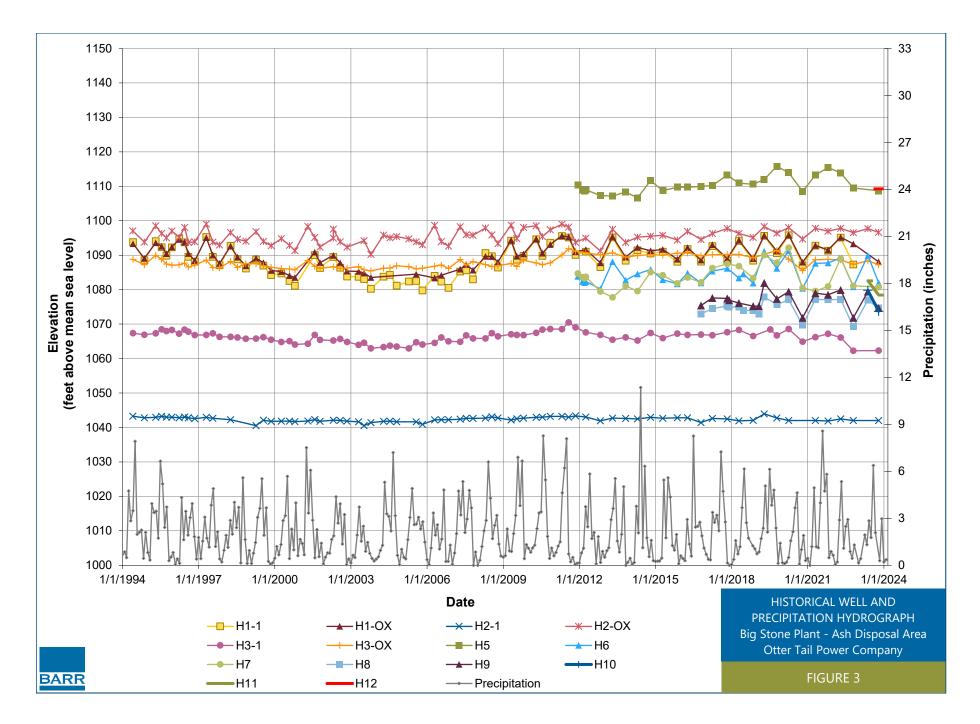


Figures

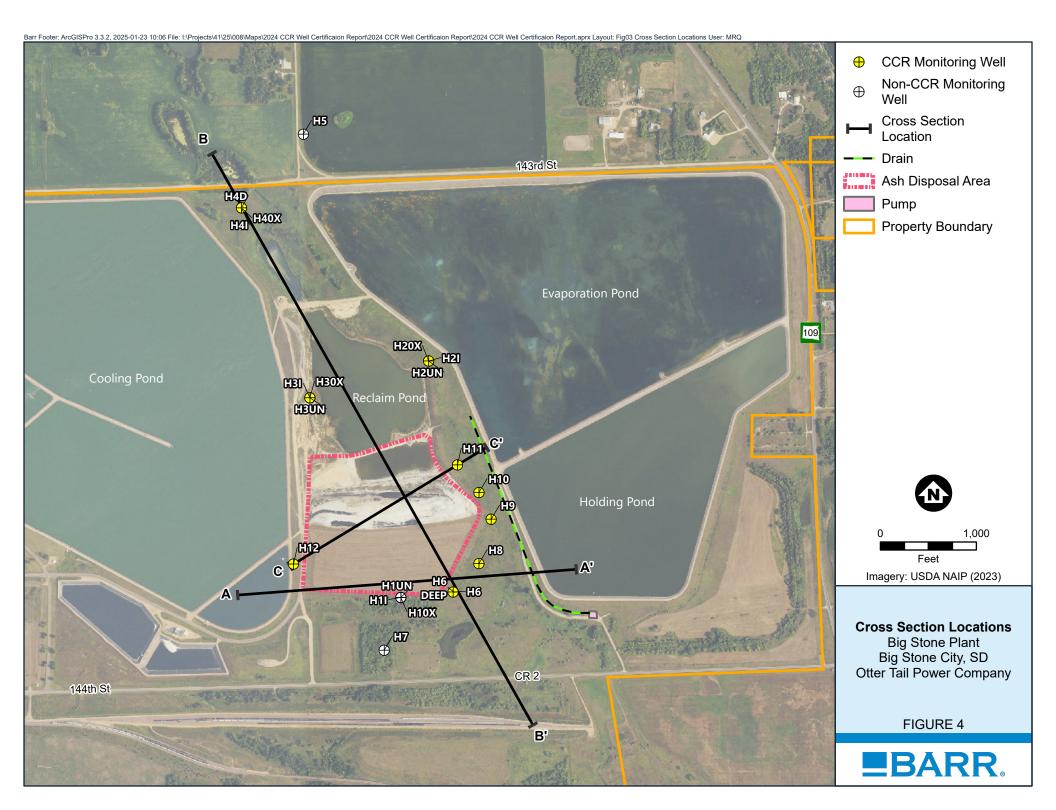


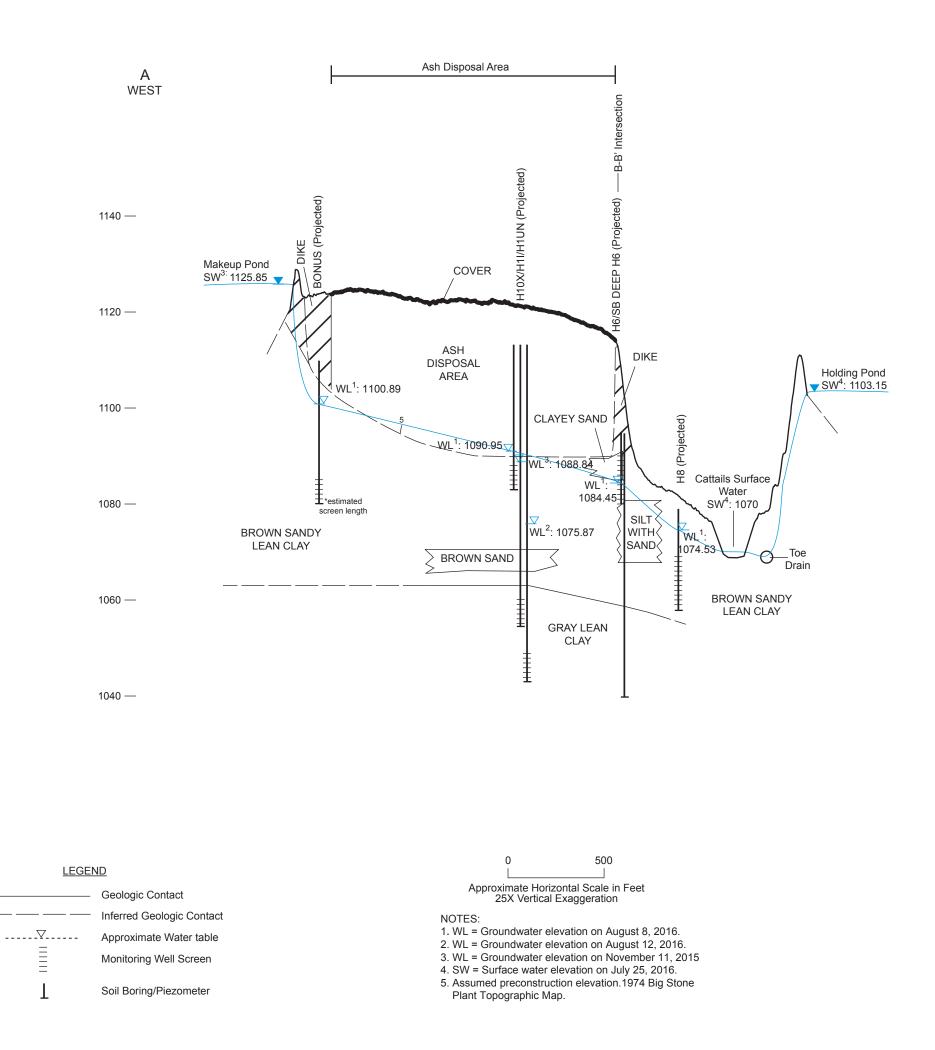






^{4/18/202}







— 1140

— 1120

— 1100

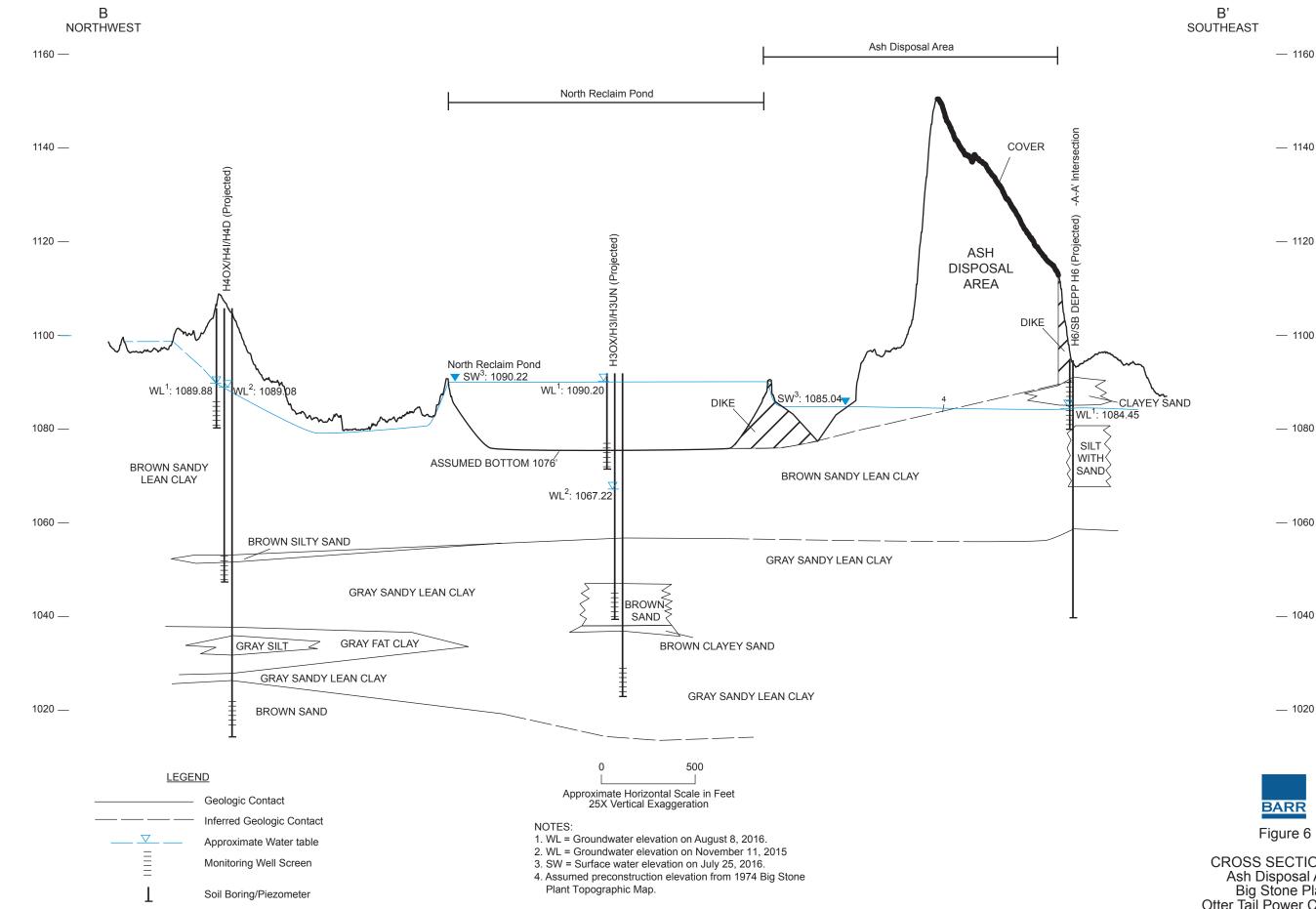
-1080

-1060

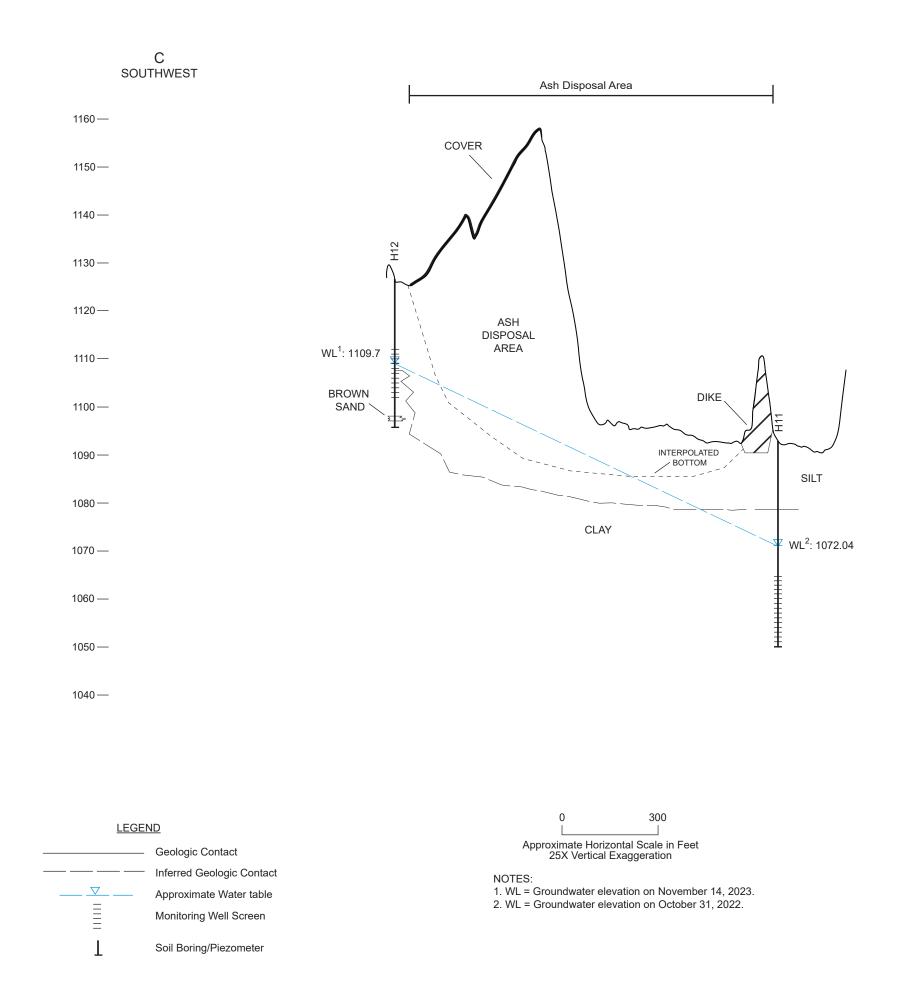
-1040

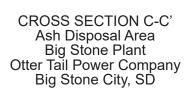


CROSS SECTION A-A' Ash Disposal Area Big Stone Plant Otter Tail Power Company Big Stone City, SD



CROSS SECTION B-B' Ash Disposal Area Big Stone Plant Otter Tail Power Company Big Stone City, SD







—1040

—1060

-1080

—1070

—1090

—1150

—1160

C'

NORTHEAST

—1140

—1130

—1120

—1110

—1100

—1050



Appendix A

Boring Logs

F.8.A.1.i

				L	OG OF '			ING	•			4 	•		
NÖ		6600 94-3	54	VERTICA	L SCALE	$\frac{1"=6}{FCFT}$	y V SOUT	H DA	BORIN KOT	IG NO. La	<u>H-</u>	IUN			Ŧ
JECT O	TTE				BIG STON			N		SAN		TE	STS	ORGANIC	VAPOR
n T	SURFA	DESCRIP CE ELEVATI	TION OF MA	13.1			LOGIC	or CR	WL	T	TYPE	W	D	hNu (ppm)	bkgd (ppm
				AN CLAY	and XX	FILI	. 1			1	SB	<u> </u>			
		AY, with	a little gra	vel, brown	and 🗙		Į								
dark	c brow	n			X		-								
								-							
-					\otimes			•		2	SB				
4						4	-	-	ļ						
					X	<	ļ	-							
					×	Š		-		3	SB				
					×	Ś		-							
					\otimes	× ×		-							
-					×	×		-							
					×	×		-		4	SB				
					\otimes	X		-							
0					×	X.		-							
SAI	NDY	LEAN CL	AY, with	a little grav	el,	TIL	6	-		5	SB SB				
		2" lens of	waterbear	ing sand at	39'	1		-							
(CL	-)					3									
						2		-							
								-		7	3T*				
						1		F		8	SB				
] * SI	helby	tube obtain	ned from 2	5' to 27'.		1		-							
					V	1		L							
				•		2		╞		9	SB				
						3		F							
-						3		F							
						2		┝		10	SB				Ì
-						3		Ľ							
						1		-							
					V	2		F							
		•	-		E E	2		ŀ	ĮΞ	, 11	SB				
.5 -						1_	1000	ł	1=	12	SB				
				ined, with	gravel,		ARSE LUVIUM	F		12					
B	ORIN	vaterbearin G CONTI	NUED ON	I NEXT PA	AGE	1		╞			H				
		•	``	EVEL MEASU	<u>Fai</u>	<u>. 1</u>		STAR	et _	5-1	0-94	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	COMPL		<u>10-94</u>
ATE T	IME	SAMPLED	CASING	CAVE-IN DEPTH	BAILED DEP	THS	WATER	METH	10D 14" TH	ISA (-75'			ື່	6:00
992) 1	5:01	DEPTH 75'	DEPTH 75'	75°			50'								
	B:00	75'	75'	75'			41.5'								
								CREV	I CHI	EF		I	R. Ha r	son	
				I	train	oity (testing								

PROJEC	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	GEOLOGIC		N			IPLE	TES	STS	ORGANIC VAPOR		
EPTH IN FEET 16	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL		GEOLOGIC ORIGIN	or CR	WL	T	TYPE	W	D	hNu (ppm)	bkgd (ppm	
17.0	SAME AS PREVIOUS PAGE		*	1		13	SB					
50.0	SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, brown (CL)		TILL			14	SB					
, - -	LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a lens of waterbearing sand at 55' (CL)					15	SB					
-						16	SB					
-				 - -		17	SB					
						18	SB					
-						19	3T					
-				-		20	SB					
-				-								
-	~.			-								
75.0	END OF BORING			+								
-												
- - - -	* COARSE ALLUVIUM			- - - -								
-												
- - -	· · ·			- - -								
-	4			F								

JOB NO PROJEC		6600 94-		. VERTI	CAL SCALE	$\frac{\Gamma EST BO}{1" = 6'}$ E CITY, SOU		BOR I	NG NO	. <u>H</u> -	<u>3UN</u>	<u>1</u>		
			PTION OF		, BIG STON		N N			MPLE	ΤE	STS	ORGANIO	VAPOR
DEPTH IN FEET	¥.	FACE ELEVA		1092.0		GEOLÓGIC ORIGIN	or CR	WL	NO.	ТҮРЕ	W	D	hNu (ppm)	bkgd (ppm)
4.5 -				AY, SAND e gravel, b		FILL								
	brown n from 5'	nottled, lim	ionite stair ctures fron	a little gra ning in frac n 10' to 15'	tures	TILL	- - -		1	SB				
									2	SB				
							- - -	Ā	3	SB				
-									4	SB				
- - - -							- - - -		5	SB				
- - - -									6	SB				
	SANDY		L AY , with	a little gra	vel, gray		 - - -		7	SB				
- - - -									8 9	SB SB				
45.0	BORI	NG CONT	<u> </u>	N NEXT F	1.6.6		 						- 4.01	0.4
DATE	TIME	SAMPLED	CASING	EVEL MEASU	BAILED DEPTH	S WATER LEVEL	START METHO	D		<u>1-94</u>		COMPLET		<u>l-94</u> k:00
4-21	11:00	DEPTH 40'	DEPTH 35'	DEPTH		17'	4 1/4	n:	5/4 U-	·vv·, 3	1/4 1	LIGA O	J -00 1/4	
<u></u>	<u> </u>						CREW				g	Hans		

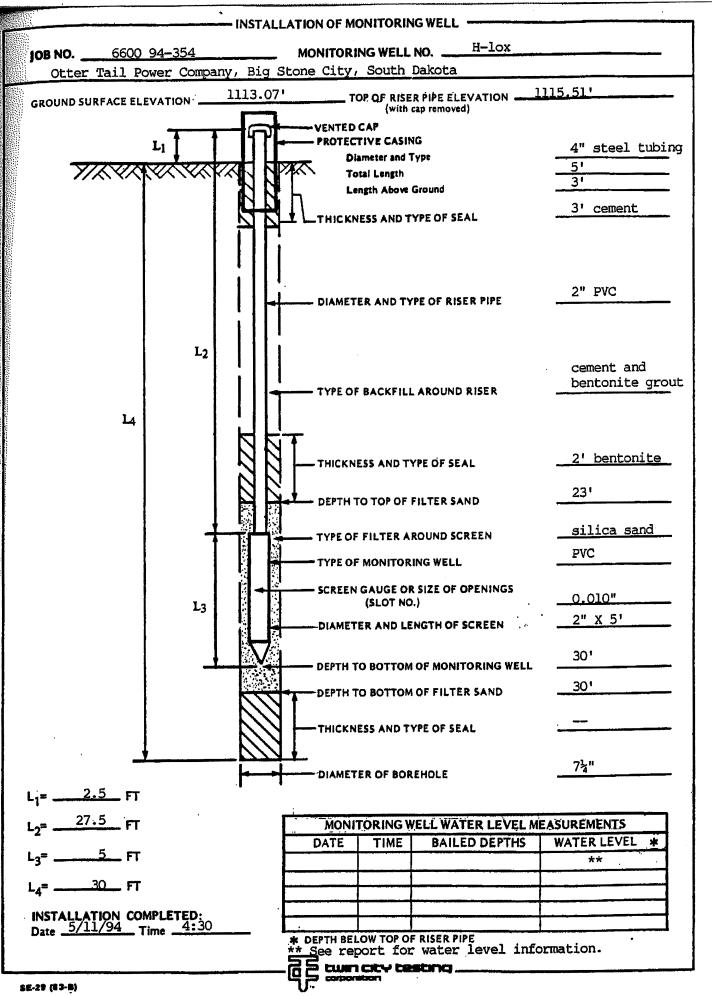
. ..

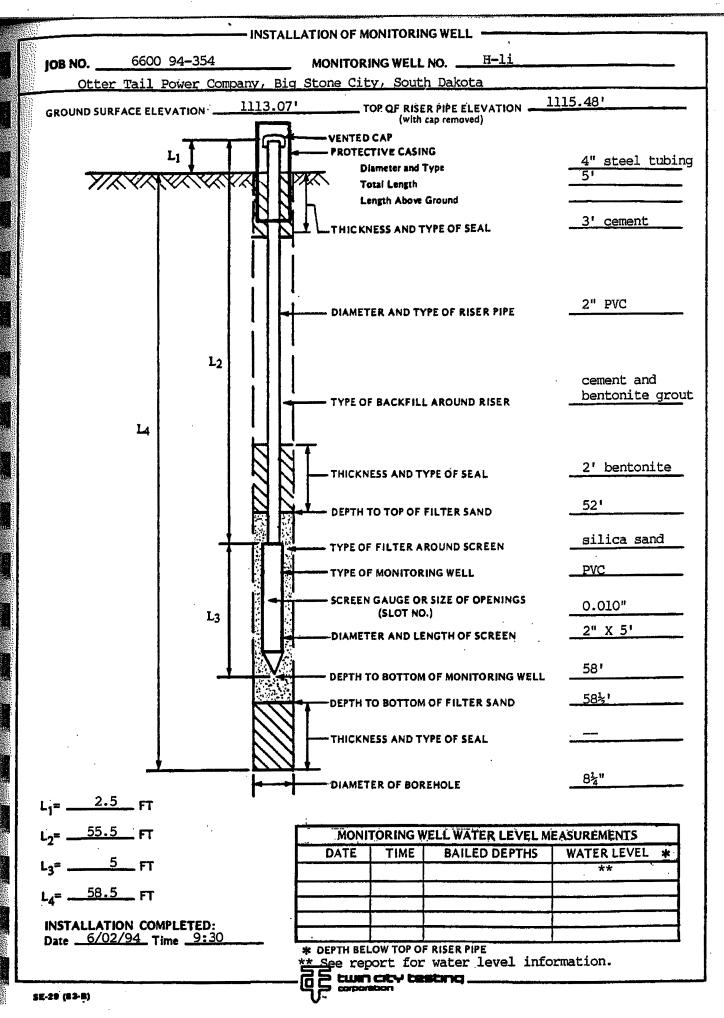
DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL SAME AS PREVIOUS PAGE SAND, fine to medium grained, with a little	1	GEOLOGIC ORIGIN COARSE	or CR	WL	NO.	TYPE	W	D	hNu	bka
	1	COARSE				1162			(ppm)	bkg (ppr
gravel, brown, waterbearing (SP)		ALLUVIUM	-		10	SB				
			-		**	50				
CLAYEY SAND, fine grained, with a little		MIXED ALLUVIUM	-		12	SB				-
SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL)		TILL	-		13	SB				
			-		14	SB				
			-		15	SB				
			-		16 17	3T SB				
	gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION	gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION	gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION	gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION	gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION OBSTRUCTION	gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION	CLAYEY SAND, fine grained, with a little gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, grav, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION 12 SB MIXED ALLUVTUM TILL 13 SB 15 SB 15 SB 16 JT 17 SB	CLAYEY SAND, fine grained, with a little gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION	CLAYEY SAND, fine grained, with a little gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY IEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	CLAYEY SAND, fine grained, with a little gravel, brown, waterbearing (SC) SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, gray, a 2' layer of reddish brown sandy lean clay at 60' (CL) OBSTRUCTION I 12 SB ALLUVIUM TILL I 13 SB I 14 SB I 15 SB I 16 JT SB I 17 SB

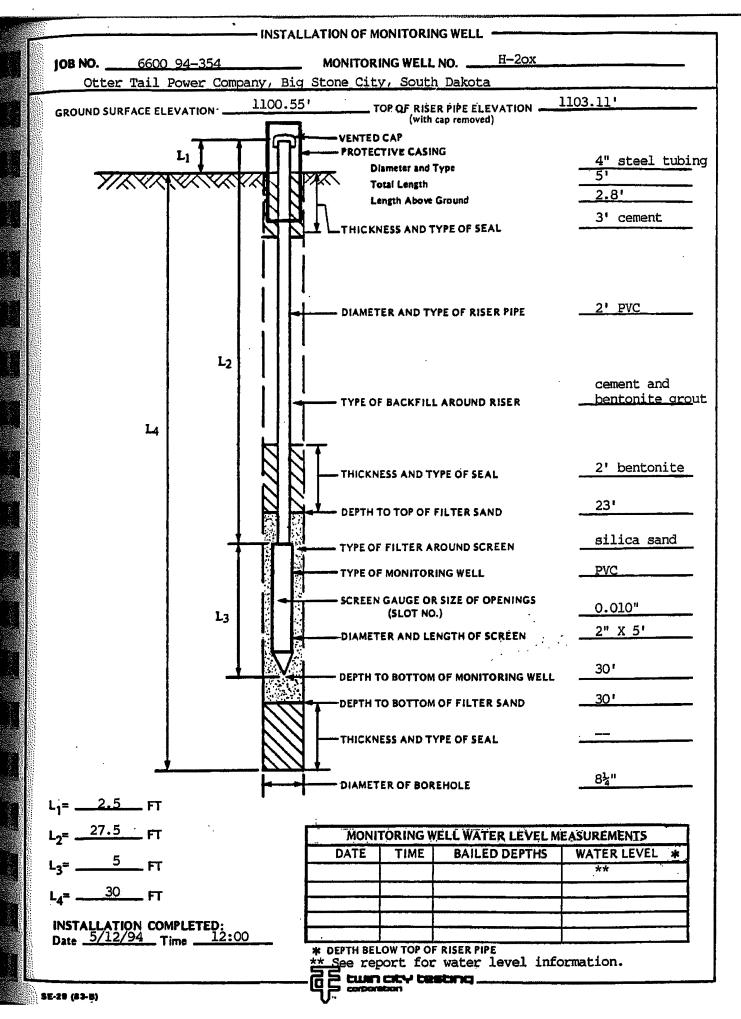
	T OTT				(, BIG STO	NE CITY, SOU		KU.		1PLE	TE	STS	ORGANI	
EPTH IN FEET		DESCRI Face Elevat	PTION OF M	IATERIAL		GEOLOGIC	N or CR	WL	NO.	TYPE		D	hNu (ppm)	bkgd (ppm)
-		ostly SAN vel, black		I CLAY, w	ith a	FILL	-		1	SB			(bbu)	(964)
- - - 7.5 -							-		2	SB				
- C, I -	SANDY brown n	LEAN CI	AY, with ses of wat	a little graverbearing s	vel, and at	TILL			3	SB				
-	24', 25'	and 39 1/2	?', limonit	e staining in below 20'	1 fractures		-		4	SB				
- - -							- -	₽	5	SB				
-							- - - -		6	SB				
-							- - - -		7	SB				
									8	SB				
-									9	SB				
-									10	SB				
+1.7 - - -	SANDY (CL)	LEAN CI	LAY, with	a little gra	vel, gray				11	SB				
-	BORI	NG CONT		N NEXT I		1	START	<u> </u>	1-19	8-94		COMPLE	 ТЕ 4 -1	9-94
	TIME	SAMPLED DEPTH	CASING DEPTH	EVEL MEASU CAVE-IN DEPTH	BAILED DEP	THS WATER LEVEL	METHO	D			l/4" E			5:30
DATE		25'	3'	25'		24,6'	1							

••••

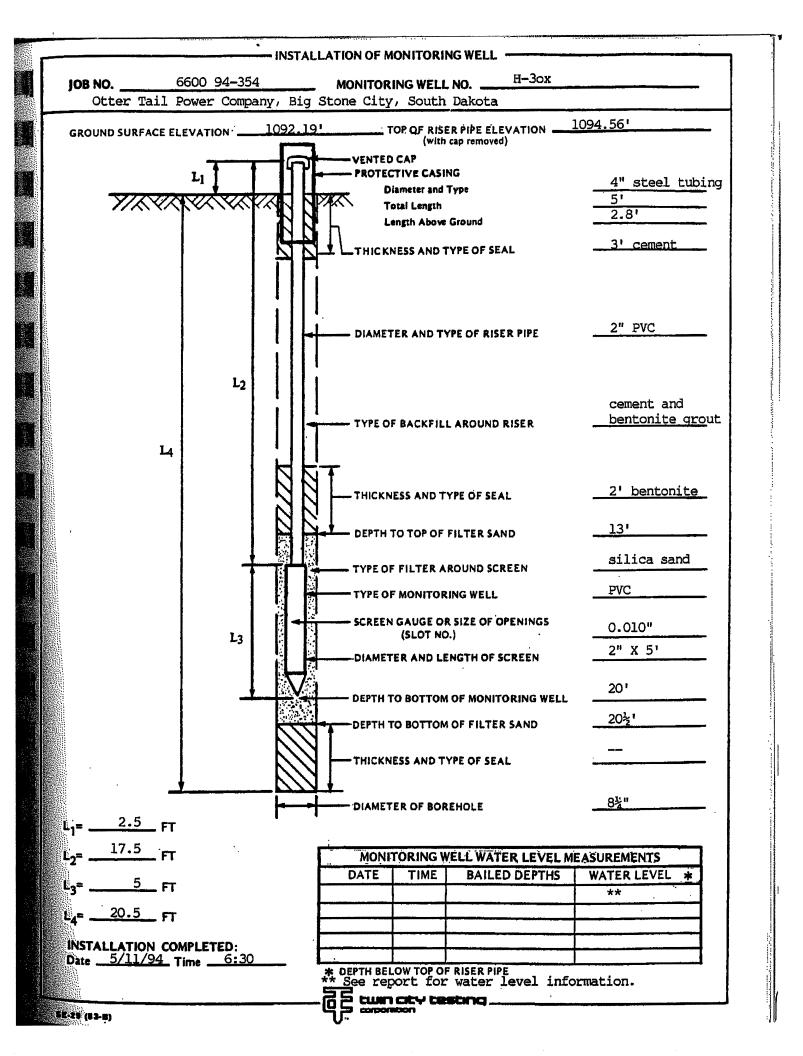
ROJE	OTTER TAIL POWER COMPANY, BIG S DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL			N	1		APLE	TE	STS	ORGANIC	VAPO
EPTH In Eet	BEBURT TON OF UNTERINE		GEOLOGIC ORIGIN	or CR	WL	NO.	TYPE	W	D	hNu (ppm)	bkg (ppn
45	SAME AS PREVIOUS PAGE		TILL			12	3T				
-				Ľ		13	SB				
				-		1.					
9.0	CANTER THAN OF AN UL 1941			F		1.4	SB				
).7-	SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel, brown mottled (CL)			-		14 15	SB				
-	SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel,	-77		ŀ		16	SB				
3.1	gray (CL)			ľ							
	SILTY SAND, fine grained, brown,	-111	*	Ľ	1	17	SB				
_	waterbearing (SM)	\mathbb{Z}	TILL	-		18	SB				
-	SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel,			Ļ		19	SB				
-	gray, a cobble at 66' (CL)			-							
-				\mathbf{F}							
-				-							
				Γ		20	SB				
-											
-				-							
-				-							
-				-		21	NSR				
-				-							
8.0 -				Ľ							
-	FAT CLAY, gray (CH)		FINE	[22	SB				
0.0			ALLUVIUM	_							
-	SILT, gray (ML)			-		23	SB				
-				-			4				
4.0~				F		24	SB				
-	FAT CLAY, gray (CH)			-		25	SB				
		\mathcal{O}			ļ	25	50				
				-			4				
8.0	SANDY LEAN CLAY, with a little gravel,	-4	TILL	-]				
9.5 -	SANDI LEAN CLAI, with a fittle graver, gray (CL)			-		26	SB				
-	SAND, medium to coarse grained, with a little	기	COARSE	-		27	SB				
-	gravel, brown, waterbearing (SP)		ALLUVIUM	Ī			4				
-											
-				-							
						28	SB				
-	Ţ			-							
-	* MIXED ALLUVIUM			-							
-				-							
_				-		29	SB				
1.5 -				-		~			1		
	END OF BORING			-			ן ו				
-				-							
-	• •			ŀ					1		
Ţ				-			1		1		

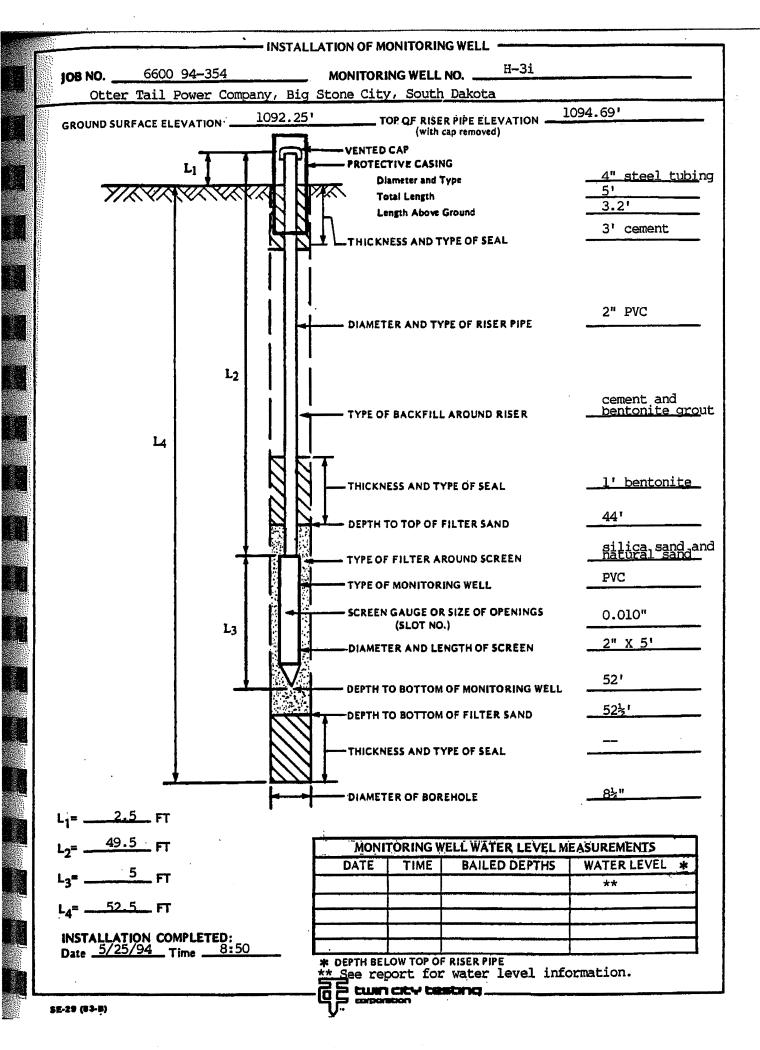


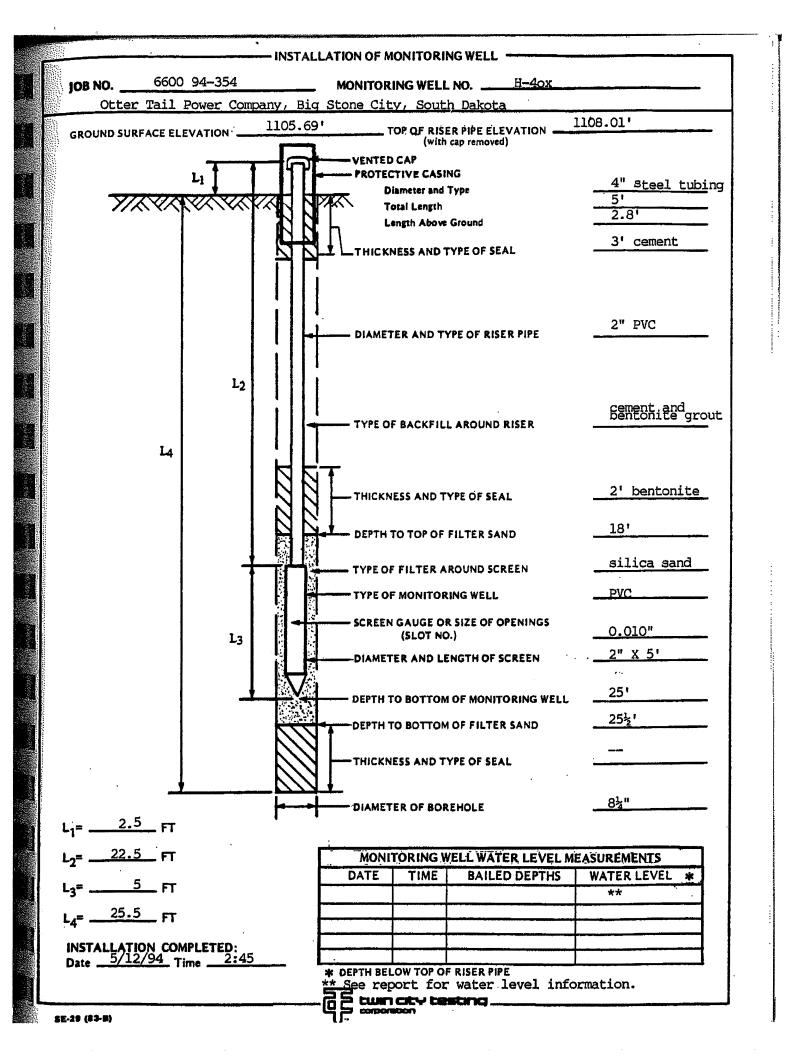


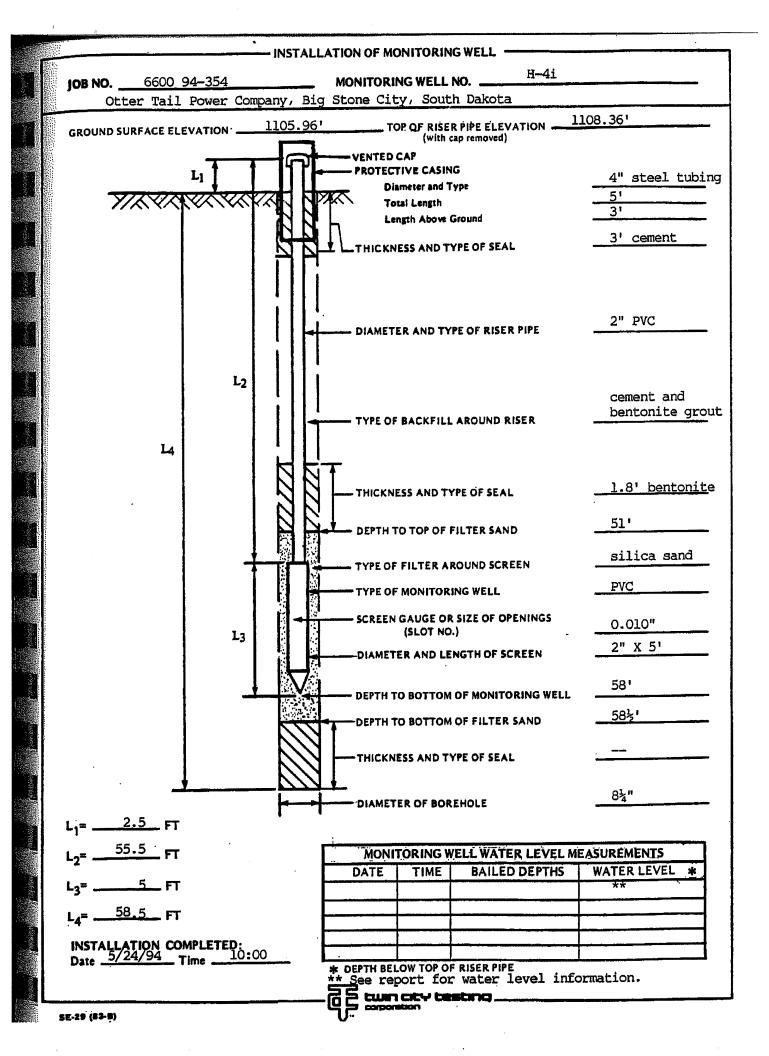


ł









			arr Engine 34 West C					LOG	GOF WELL	H8
ЗA	R	Bi	smarck, N elephone:	ID 585	503				SHEET 1 OF	1
rojec ocati oord	ct No.: ion:Big linates	4125 g Stor s:N 55	Station 1005 ne City, SE 4,702.0 ft State Plan	E 2,8		96.6 ft	Surface Elevation:1078.9 ft Drilling Method:HSA Sampling Method:SS Completion Depth:20.0 ft	Top of Casing E	lev.: 1081.2 ft	
		NOLUT			505		Completion Depth.20.0 ft			Τ
Depth, feet	Sample Type & Recovery	Sample No.	Blows/6in.	U S C S	Graphic Log	LITHC	DLOGIC DESCRIPTION	CONST	PIEZOMETER TRUCTION ETAIL	ī
)—	\setminus			OL/OF		TOPSOIL (OL/OH): black (10YR 2/	/1); moist; 0% gravel, 10% sand, 90% fines.			+
-			2-2-1-1. 2-2-3-1.			LEAN CLAY (CL): yellowish brown moist; 5% gravel, 5% sand, 90% fir seams, light gray clumps of silt (MI	to dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 to 10YR 4/4); nes, with very fine to medium grain sand, oxidized L) becoming sandier with depth.	Diamet	RO. CASING er: 6" be: Steel	1(
-			4-4-5-4. 5-6-6-7.			5.5': Trace gravel.		RI	SER CASING rer: 2" be: PVC Sch 40	
- -)-			3-3-4-3.	CL				Ту	ral: ROUT pe: Neat Cement ral: 0-6'bgs	1
-			4-5-7-10. 5-11-11-15.			11.5': SILTY SAND (SM) seam, ver	ry fine grain, oxidized.	SI Ty	EAL be: Bentonite ral: 6-8' bgs	
5			4-7-9-10.			16': SILTY SAND (SM), dark yellow	vish brown (10YR 4/4), wet, medium to coarse grain,	Ty Interv	ANDPACK pe: Silica #50-80 ral: 8-21' bgs	1
-			5-6-5-9.			20% gravel, 50% sand, 30% fines. 18.7': SILTY SAND (SM) seam, da	rk yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), very fine grain.	Diamet	CREEN rer: pe: #6 Sch 40 ral: 10-20' bgs	1
0— - -						End of well 20.0 feet				
- 5										
_										
te E gge	d By:	Com	oleted:	7/2 JW	9/16 J	:45 pm Re	emarks:			
illing	g Con [:] Rig:	tracto	r:	SD Tru		Ad	lditional data may have been collected in the field which is not included on this	s log.		

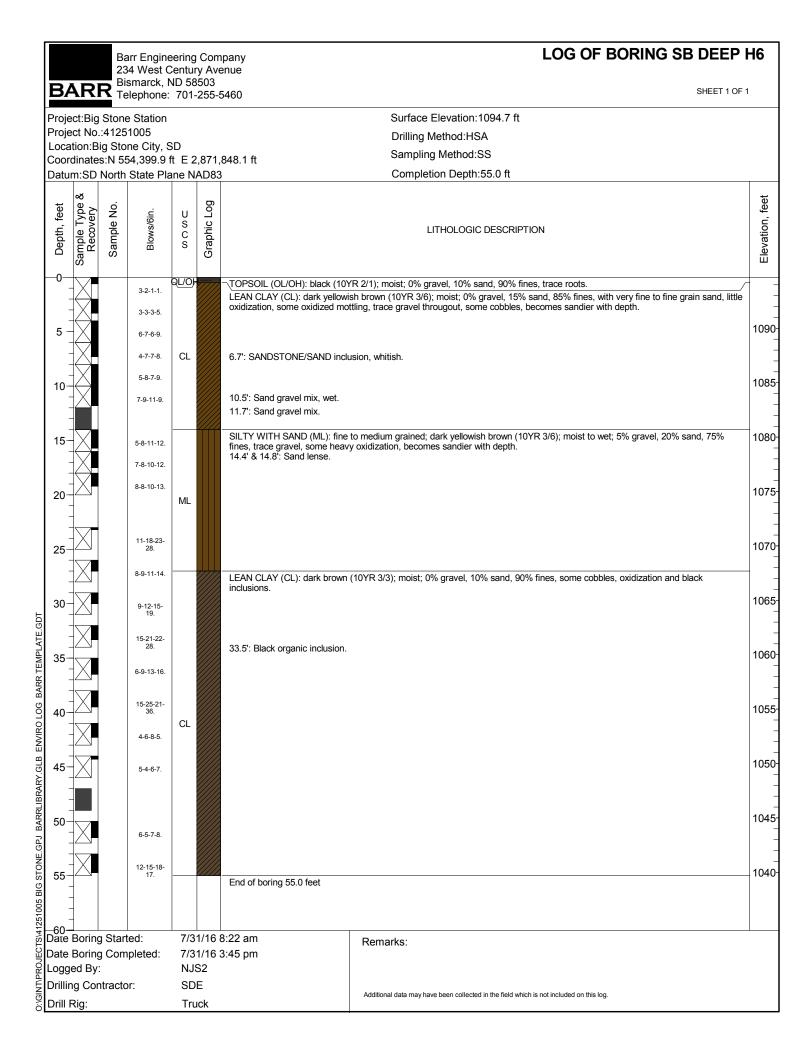
2	Barr Engine 34 West C	entury	/ Avei		LOG OF WEL	
					SHEET 1 0	OF 1
roject:Big Stone roject No.:4125 ocation:Big Sto oordinates:N 55 atum:SD North	51005 ne City, SE 55,166.2 ft	E 2,8		Surface Elevation:1083.8 ft Drilling Method:HSA 18.3 ft Sampling Method:SS Completion Depth:30.0 ft	Top of Casing Elev.: 1086.2 ft	
Depth, feet Sample Type & Recovery Sample No.	Blows/6in.	U S C S	Graphic Log	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	WELL OR PIEZOMETER CONSTRUCTION DETAIL	
	1-2-1-1. 3-2-3-3.	OL/OF ML		TOPSOIL (OL/OH): dark brown (10YR 3/3); moist; 0% gravel, 15% sand, 85% fines. SILT WITH SAND (ML): very fine to fine grained; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6); moist; 0% gravel, 30% sand, 70% fines, trace gravel.	PRO. CASING Diameter: 6" Type: Steel	1
5	3-3-5-6. 5-6-6-8.			LEAN CLAY (CL): yellowish brown to dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 to 10YR 4/4); moist; 0% gravel, 10% sand, 90% fines, with very fine to medium grain sand and trace gravel throughout, reddish orange oxidation throughout.	e RISER CASING Diameter: 2" Type: PVC Sch 40 Interval:	
0	5-7-7-9. 6-8-10-12.			9.4': CLAYSTONE, dark gray, 1.2" thick.	GROUT Type: Neat Cement Interval: 0-13.5' bgs SEAL	1
5-	6-6-7-9. 5-6-6-11.				Type: Bentonite Interval: 13-15.5' bgs SANDPACK Type: Silica #50-80 Interval: 15.5-30' bgs	1
	4-6-7-9. 7-9-9-11.	CL			SCREEN Diameter: Type: #6 Sch 40 Interval: 18-28' bgs	1
	4-5-6-6. 5-6-9-12.			24': SILTY SAND (SM), dark brown (10YR 3/3), wet, very fine to medium grain, 0%		1
-	4-6-5-7.			gravel, 90% sand, 10% fines, 1.3' thick.		
30-	5-6-6-8.			29': SILTY SAND (SM), dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), wet, very fine to medium grain, 0% gravel, 90% sand, 10% fines, 9.6" thick.		1
ate Boring Start ate Boring Com ogged By: illing Contracto	pleted:		0/16 8 52	B:50 am Remarks: B:45 pm		
rill Rig:		Tru		Additional data may have been collected in the field which is not included on the	his log.	

wcec	Job	84	าว
------	-----	----	----

11-02

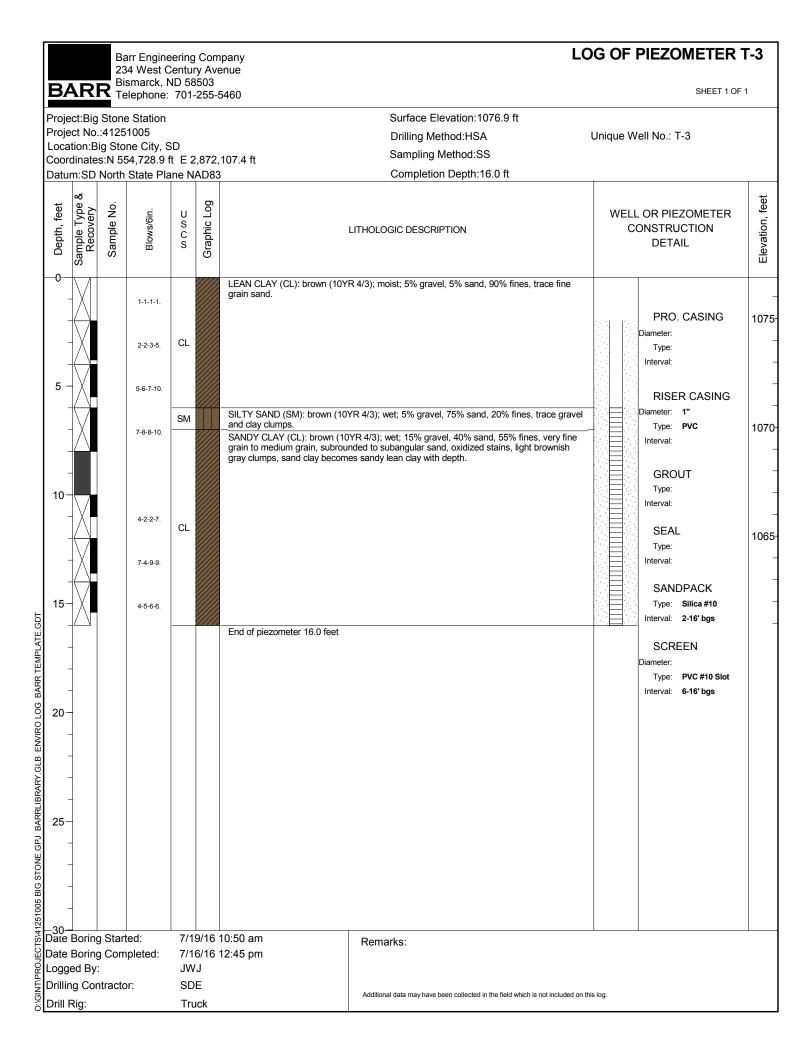
Location <u>NW 14 SW 14 Sec 7 Twp JUN Rg 47W</u>	Well Owner. Otter Tail Power Company
	Business Name: OTPC Big Stone Plout
County North	Address1: <u>48450</u> 17444 St
Grant []	Address2:
	City, State, Zip: Kig Stare City, SI 57216
	WELL LOG:
	FORMATION FROM TO
Please mark well W E E	TOD Soil O 2
	Sendy Clay 2 4
Well completion Date	Clayer Sand 4 10
	Sondy clay 10 15
<u> </u>	
Distance from nearest potential pollution source (Septic tank, abandoned well, feed lot, etc.)	
? NA ft from (identify source)	
PROPOSED USE:	
🔲 Industrial 🔲 Institutional 🛛 Monitoring well	STATIC WATER LEVEL 10,5 FEET
METHOD OF DRILLING:	If flowing: closed in pressure PSI
Augurs Hollow Stein	GPM flow through Inch pipe
CASING DATA: Steel Plastic Other	Controlled by Valve Reducers Other
If other describe	Reduced flow rate GPM
PIPEWEIGHT DIAMETER FROM TO HOLE DIAMETER	Can well be completely shut in?
<u>B/FT IN FT FT / M</u> IN	
LB/FT IN FT FT IN	WELL TEST DATA:
	Describe: NA
GROUTING DATA:	Bailed
Grout Type No. of Sacks Grout Weight From To F <i>NV: G10</i> ンナ/Bantowit Lb/gal O Ft H Ft	Other
Lb/gal Ft Ft	Pumping Level Below Land Surface
Describe grouting procedure	Ft. After Hrs. pumped GPM
	Ft. After Hrs. pumped GPM
	If pump installed, pump rate: GPM
SCREEN: Perforated pipe Manufactured Diameter	
Diameter Inches Length Feet Material PVC	REMARKS
Slot Size 10 Set From 5 Feet to 15 Feet	$\mathbb{N}\mathbb{W}$ Was Renamed H-6
Other information Sch 40	
WAS A PACKER OR SEAL USED? Yes Yoo	This well was drilled under license #76 9
f so, what material?	And this report is true and accurate.
Describe packer(s) and location	Drilling firm: WCBC
DISINFECTION: Was well disinfected upon completion?	Signature of License Representative:
Yes, How?	1/1 1
ab sample sent to for 🖉 No, Why Not?	Signature of Well Owner or Equitable Property Holder
vater quality analysis	(agent)
	Date: 11/16/2011
Please return White Copy to DENR Water Rights	523 E. Capitol Ave., Pierre SD 57501

SOUTH DAKOTA WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT



		23	arr Engine 84 West 0	Centui	ry Av	enue	L	UG OF	PIEZOMETER	1-1
ЗA	R	R ^{Bis}	smarck, l elephone:	ND 58	3503 -255-	5460			SHEET 1 OF	1
rojeo ocat	ct No. tion:Bi linate:	:4125 ig Sto s:N 55	e Station 1005 ne City, S 54,209.8 State Pla	ft E 2			Surface Elevation:1107.5 ft Drilling Method:HSA Sampling Method:SS Completion Depth:24.0 ft	Unique	Well No.: T-1	
	~*			U				WE	LL OR PIEZOMETER	
Depth, feet	Sample Type 8 Recovery	Sample No.	Blows/6in.	S C S	Graphic Log	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION			Elevation, feet	
0	\mathbb{V}					TOPSOIL (OL/OH): very dark brown (10YR 2/2); moist; 5% gravel, 10% sand, 85% fines			
_	Å		4-5-5-7.	OL/OF	t				PRO. CASING	
-	$\left \right\rangle$		5-5-6-9.			SANDY CLAY (CL): yellowish borwn (with very fine grain to medium grain sa	10YR 5/4); moist; 10% gravel, 20% sand, 70% fine and and coarse grain, subrounded gravel.	S,	Diameter: Type: Interval:	1
5 -	Å		4-5-5-7.						RISER CASING	
_	Å		4-4-5-5.	CL					Type: PVC Interval:	
- 0-	$\left \right\rangle$		3-3-5-4.						GROUT Type: Interval:	
_	$\left \right\rangle$		7-10-10- 12.				oist, 10% gravel, 60% sand, 30% fines, 1.2" thick. IYR 5/4); moist; 5% gravel, 15% sand, 80% fines,		SEAL Type:	1
_	\bigwedge		4-7-7-8.			13.5': Small chunk of black organic ma	aterial.		Interval: SANDPACK	
15— -	\bigwedge		6-6-8-8.						Type: Silica #10	
_	\bigwedge		5-5-7-8.	CL		17': Trace coarse grain gravel.			SCREEN Diameter: Type: PVC #10 Slot	
20-	\square		7-10-11- 13.			19': Coarse grain gravel, subangular.			Interval: 13.7-23.7' bgs	
_			6-8-10-14.							
_	\square					End of piezometer 24.0 feet			· <u>·</u> ·	
25-										
_										
-										
	-) Start					narks:			
ogge	ed By:		pleted:	JW	/J	9:30 am				
	g Cor Rig:	tracto	or:	SD Tru		Additi	onal data may have been collected in the field which is not included o	n this log.		

	23	rr Engine 4 West C	Centur	y Ave		.OG OF	PIEZOMETER	T-2					
BARI							SHEET 1 OF	1					
Project:Big Project No. Location:Bi Coordinate: Datum:SD	:4125 ig Stor s:N 55	1005 ne City, S 4,277.91	ft E 2			Unique V	Unique Well No.: T-2						
atum.SD	North			ADos									
Sar D		Blows/6in.	Blows/6in.	Blows/6in.	Blows/6in.	U S C S	Graphic Log	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION		L OR PIEZOMETER CONSTRUCTION DETAIL			
		2-1-1-1.	OL/OF		TOPSOIL (OL/OH): very dark brown (10YR 2/2); moist; 5% gravel, 10% sand, 85% fines	5.							
		2-1-1-1. 2-1-2-2.			LEAN CLAY (CL): brown to dark brown (10YR 4/3 - 5YR 3/4); moist; 20% gravel, 10% sand, 70% fines, very fine grain to medium grain, subangular sand with fine to coarse grain gravel.		PRO. CASING Diameter: Type: Interval:						
5 -		2-3-5-9. 3-3-3-5.					RISER CASING Diameter: 1" Type: PVC	10					
10-		10-8-5-5.					Interval: GROUT Type:	1					
		2-4-7-11. 2-4-4-7.	CL				Interval: SEAL Type: Interval:						
15-		7-9-9-12.					SANDPACK Type: Silica #10 Interval: 12-26' bgs	1					
		4-6-6-7.					SCREEN Diameter: Type: PVC #10 Slot Interval: 16-26' bgs						
20		6-8-8-10. 5-6-8-11.	ML		SILT (ML): yellowish brown (10YR 5/4); wet; 20% gravel, 10% sand, 70% fines. LEAN CLAY (CL): brown to dark brown (10YR 4/3 - 5YR 3/4); wet; 20% gravel, 10% san 70% fines, very fine grain to medium grain, subangular sand with fine to coarse grain gravel.	d,		10					
25-		6-10-13- 17.	CL					1					
-		5-6-8-11.			25.5': CLAYEY SAND LENSE (SC), yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), fine grain, subangular sand, wet, 3.6" thick.								
	n Stort	odi	7/4	8/16	End of piezometer 28.0 feet								
ate Boring ate Boring ogged By: rilling Con	g Com	pleted:		8/16 'J	2:00 pm Remarks: 5:35 pm								
Fill Rig:		••	Tru		Additional data may have been collected in the field which is not included o	n this log.							



				MONITORING WELL	106			W/FI	L DEVE		1FNT	
· · · ·	\ Λ /			South Dakota Unique Well Numbe			Post In					face grade)
	VV	CE	_	Well # : H10			Date/Time	ISCALIDE	1	ers (belo er Level (f		Product Level (ft)
	<u>v v</u>			Date Completed: 10/12/2022		10)/31/22 12:	40		25.75	ŋ	Product Level (It)
	ENVIRONM	IENTAL CONSULT	ANTS	Total Depth Installed (ft bsg): 35.49	3		pment Date			20.10	Sura	e block
		n River Road		Measured Depth Post-Installation			Fotal Gallon					~3
		Box 594		Surface Elevation (ft): 1088.53 ft a	,				t Fluid Le	vels (hel		rface grade)
	-	, MN 56267		Top of Casing Elevation (ft): 1098.55 ft al		1	Date/Time				Product Level (ft)	
	WICHTS	, 10110 30207		Start: 12:30 10/12/2022 Stop: 14:		10	0/31/22 13:	05		er Level (36.15	π)	Product Level (ft)
				5tatt. 12.56 16/12/2022 5top: 14.	19 10/ 12/ 2022			ured Botto			ft. belc	ow surface)
		DROJECT							Drilling (`o ∙ Dak	ota Tr	echnologies Co.
Droject Nr		PROJECT Tail Power Comp	-	VATION	Overseer: Je	-	ORMATIC	JN	Ű			5
		g Stone City, SD	ally	Project Number: 14643	Geologist:	Jesse Frank			Method Operato		<u> </u>	
Sample	Depth				Geologic	ASTM	Sample	PID	amsl	We	-	Well
Core	(feet)		M	aterial Description	Origin	_	Analysis/	(ppm)	(ft.)	Diag	ram	Details
Interval	0	Grass							1088.5			TOC 2.30 ft stickup
DT	·	0-1 ft: Top soi	il, silty, dry.		1	SM						Borehole Diameter: 10-inch
	_	1-5 ft: Silt loan	n, unsorted,	, matrix dominated, non-plastic	Till	SM			_			2-inch PVC casing
		moderate yell	owish brow	n, dry to moist.								Total length of casing and
	-								-			screen 38.55 ft
DT		5-15ft: Silt loa	m, unsorted	l, matrix dominated, pebble clasts,	Till	SM			_			
				, moderate yellowish brown, moist.					_			
	-								-			
	10								1078.5			
DT	10								10/0.5_			benseal 0-16 ft
	_								_			
	-	15 25 ft: Clay	loom uncor	rted, matrix dominated, pebble clasts,	Till	CL			-			
DT				yellowish brown, moist.		CL						
	_		,,,	,					_			Bentonite chips 16-18ft
	-								-			Flint and 40 DF ft
	20								1068.5			Flint sand 18-35 ft
DT									_			
	- 1								-			
	-								-			
DT	_								_			
												2-inch PVC 6 Slot
	-								-			Screen 20-35 ft
	30								1058.5_			
DT									_			
	_								-			
		32-35 ft: Color	change to o	olive gray								
	-								-			
	_								_			1
	-								-			
	40								1048.5			
Notes:	· · · ·	I		Well Cor	struction Mate	rials:					S	ampling Methods:
	vation provide	•		-			Granular Be	nseal			= Split S	poon HA = Hand Auge
		elopment. High sedim prior to going dry.	ents		asing: 2" ID, 2PVC 2" ID, PVC, 6 slot		Grout Bentonite C	hips			= Large 5 = Mac	
							Sand Pack/N	•	Pack		= Dual	
	-		-)" OD, Augers w/ Flights = 7 3/4" OD, He	bilow Stem = 4 2	l/4" ID						
sample An	alysis Key:	LS = Lab Soil Sample	e, LVV = La	b Water Sample, WL = Water Level								

			MONITORING WELL	106			\//F	L DEVE		FNT		
			South Dakota Unique Well Number		<u> </u>	Doct I-					aco grado)	
	VV(CEC	South Dakota Unique Well Number Well # : H11	•		POSt In Date/Time	รเลแสตเอท		els (belo Level (ft)(T		ace grade) Product Level (ft)	
			Date Completed: 10/12/2022		10/3	1/2022 11:			22.16	00)		
	ENVIRONME	NTAL CONSULTANTS	Total Depth Installed (ft bsg): 42.15			opment Date			22.10	Surg	e block	
		River Road	Measured Depth Post-Installation (Total Gallon				~15.5		
	P.O.	Box 594	Surface Elevation (ft): 1091.84 ft an	0,	Post Development Fluid Levels							
	-	MN 56267	Top of Casing Elevation (ft): 1093.2			Date/Time			evel (ft)(Product Level (ft)	
	101113,	1111 JO207	Start: 10:00 10/12/2022 Stop: 12:0		10)/31/22 13:	00		42.38	100)	-	
						, ,				hs (ft. below surface)		
								Drilling	Co i Doli		echnologies Co.	
	<u> </u>	PROJECT INFORM	1ATION			ORMATIC	DN					
-		Tail Power Company	Project Number: 14643	Overseer: J				Method		<u> </u>		
	-	Stone City, SD	Project Nulliber. 14645	Geologist:	Jesse Fra	1	DID	Operato	We	-	Well	
Sample Core	Depth (feet)	Ma	aterial Description	Geologic Origin	ASTM	Sample Analysis/	PID (ppm)	amsl (ft.)			Details	
Interval	(leet)			Origin		Analysis/	(ppiii)	(11.)	Diagr	alli	TOC	
interval	0	Grass						1091.8			2.4 ft stickup	
DT	[~] —⊢	0-2 ft: Top soil, silty, dry.	_	Fill	ML			1001.0			Borehole Diameter: 10-inch	
											2-inch PVC casing	
		2-5 ft: Silt with fine sand,	unsorted, matrix dominated, non plastic,	Till	SM			_			Total length of casing and	
	_	moderate yellowish brown	n, pale gray mottles, moist.					_			screen 44.55 ft	
DT		5 40 ft oft 11 ft i	and the second sec									
DT	-		, unsorted, small pebble clast, astic, moderate yellowish brown,	Till	SM			-				
		pale gray mottles, moist.	istic, moderate yenowish brown,									
	-	pare Bray mottles, moist.						-				
	10							1081.8_				
DT											benseal 0-23 ft	
	_	12-15 ft: Silt loam, unsorte	ed, small pebble clast,	Till	SM			_				
		matrix dominated, non pla	astic, dark yellowish brown,									
	-	15 20 ft: Clay candy loam	unsorted, matrix dominated, pebble	Till	CL			-				
DT			y plastic, stiff, dark yellowish brown, moist.	110	CL							
	-	Wet at 20-25 ft	y plastic, still, dark yellowish brown, moist.					-				
								_				
	20							1071.8_				
DT												
	-							-				
											Bentonite chips 23-25ft	
	-							-				
DT								_			Flint sand 25-42 feet	
	_							-			2-inch PVC 6 Slot	
	30							1061.8			Screen 27-42 ft	
DT		30-42 ft: Clay loam unsor	ted, matrix dominated, pebble	Till	CL			1001.0_				
		clast, plastic, very stiff, dar										
		32-42 ft: Color change to c										
	_							_				
DT	_							-				
	-							-				
	40							1051.8_				
DT												
Notes:			Well Con	struction Mate	rials:						ampling Methods:	
	vation provided	by OTP. opment. Low sediments were	,	Casing: 2" ID,PVC		Granular Bei Grout	nseal			Split S Large -		
		gallons of purging prior to		2" ID, PVC 6 Slot			nips			= Large = Mac		
going dry.	-					Sand Pack/N	•	l Pack		= Dual		
	-	-	" OD, Augers w/ Flights = 7 3/4" OD, Ho	llow Stem = 4	l/4" ID							
sample An	ialysis Key: LS	s = Lab Soli Sample, LW = Lal	b Water Sample, WL = Water Level									

	Barr Enginee				LOG O	F WELL H	112
BARR	Minneapolis,	Pointe Drive Suite 200 MN 55435 952-832-2600				SHEET 1 OF 1	
Project: Project No.: Location: Coordinates: Datum:	CCR Monit 41251005 Big Stone F NAD83	lant	Surface Elevation: Drilling Method: Sampling Method: Completion Depth:	1124.6 ft Hollow Stem Auger Dual tube 30.0 ft	Top of Casing Elev	∕.: 1127.4 ft	
Depth, feet Sample Type & Recovery	Sample No.	LITHOLOGIC D	DESCRIPTION		WELL OR PIE CONSTRI DET/	JCTION	Elevation, feet
	1 CL 2	SILT WITH SAND (ML): fine to medium sand; trac grayish brown (10YR 3/2); moist; non-plastic plast soil]. SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL): fine to medium sand; tr orange mottling; increasing silt with depth; Light o 0% gravel, 30% sand, 70% fines. 1.5-1.6: Strong brown oxidation; sand increased to	ticity; 0% gravel, 25% : race coarse sand; trac live brown (2.5Y 5/3); o 40%.	sand, 75% fines, [top	Diameter: Type: Interval: RISE Diameter: Type:	Steel 2.75' ags-4.25' bgs ER CASING 2'' PVC SCH 40 2.5' ags-12' bgs	- - - 1120 - - - -
10 - - 15 <u>¥</u>	³ SP- SM	POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT (SP-SM): fi coarse); trace fine gravel; grain size coarsens dow brown (10YR 5/6); moist; non-plastic plasticity; 90	vnward; trace strong b	0% of sand fraction rown oxidation; Yellowish	Type: Interval: SEAI Type: Interval: SAN Type: Interval:	Bentonite 2-10' bgs Bentonite chips 2-20' bgs DPACK Red Flint Sand #40 10-22' bgs	1115 - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	4 5 CL	 SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL): fine to medium sand; tr Yellowish brown (10YR 5/4); moist; stiff; low plast 19: 1 mm organic lamination. 20-23.5: soft; gray and orange mottling; sand decr 23: 1 " granitic gravel. 23.3-23.5: clayey sand (SC) lens; 60% coarse san fines; red oxidation. 23.5: 0.1' poorly graded sand (SP) lens; very fine s 	icity; 0% gravel, 35% s reased to 20%; siltier f nd; 5-10% fine to medi	sand, 65% fines.			- - 1105 - - - - 1100
- - - -30	6 SP CL	POORLY GRADED SAND (SP): medium to coars (10YR 5/6); wet; angular to subangular; 5% gravel LEAN CLAY WITH SAND (CL): fine to coarse san organics; Yellowish brown (10YR 5/4); moist; stiff; End of well 30.0 feet	l, 90% sand, 5% fines. ld; fine gravel; strong b ; low plasticity; 5% gra	brown mottling; black vvel, 20% sand, 75% fines.			- - - 1095
Date Boring S Date Boring C Logged By: Drilling Contra Drill Rig:	completed:	9/14/23 10:00 am Remark 9/14/23 12:00 pm KJN3 Dakota Technologies		ded by Otter Tail Power on			